

An In-memory Embedding of CPython for Offensive Use

Ateeq Sharfuddin, Brian Chapman, Chris Balles

Overview

1. Why?
2. Our contributions
3. Results

Why?

- Assist security researchers and enterprise Red Teams
- Many security research scripts are available in Python



Our contributions

- CPython core shared library
- Frozen custom zip module loader
- Stock Python packages
- Special cases

CPython core shared library

1. Dynamic-Loading from Memory*
 - `LoadLibraryFromMemory`
2. Isolated configuration
 - `PyConfig_InitIsolatedConfig/Py_InitializeFromConfig`
3. Python packages during initialization
 - encodings, codecs, abc, etc.

cba_zipimport.py

1. A derivation from zipimport
2. Load any number of packages residing in a single zip file in memory
 - `cba_zipimport.install_cba_metafinder(package_name, package_zip_bytes)`
3. Frozen
 - Add reference in `PyImport_FrozenModules` table.
 - loaded by `FrozenImporter`
4. Call `_CBAZipImport_Init` in `pylifecycle.c`
5. Installs at offset 2 in `sys.meta_path`
 - after `BuiltinImporter` and `FrozenImporter`
6. Can load Python C Extensions

Bundling Python Packages

Stock installation of CPython contains a prepackaged collection of modules

- a. Offer this same collection of modules
- b. Create a ZIP archive of these .py and .pyc files as `cba_python38_lib.zip`
- c. Use our `xxd.py` to generate a C array of this ZIP file (`_CBA_python38_lib`)
- d. During `_CBAZipImport_Init` perform:
 - i. `cba_zipimport.install_cba_metafinder(
 "#cba_python38_lib.zip", _CBA_python38_lib)`

Python C Extensions

Python C Extensions that come bundled with CPython (e.g., win64)

- a. Recompiled such that non-system shared libraries are statically-linked
- b. Create a ZIP archive of these .pyd files as `cba_python38_win64.zip`
- c. Use our `xxd.py` to generate a C array `_CBA_python38_pyd_win64`
- d. During `_CBAZipImport_Init` perform:
 - `cba_zipimport.install_cba_metafinder(
 "#cba_python38_pyd.zip", _CBA_python38_pyd_win64)`
- e. `_zip_searchorder` in `cba_zipimport` updates process native C Extensions
- f. `create_dynamic_inmemory` function added to builtin importer to handle loading native C Extensions from memory

Special Cases

1. `ctypes` package
 - a. Store `GetModuleHandle()` for this library in `sys.dllhandle` for modules that call core shared library C functions via `ctypes.pythonapi`
2. Threading
 - a. Don't forget to first call `PyGILState_Ensure` to acquire global interpreter lock (GIL) before running Python code, then release with `PyGILState_Release`
3. `GetModuleHandle/GetModuleHandleEx` in C Extensions will not give you what you want (use `sys.dllhandle` instead)
4. Expects DLL version of C Runtime to exist on device (same requirement as stock CPython)

Results

1. Demonstrations (artifacts available in Appendix)
2. Variations of this are in use in production by customer Red Teams for a year
3. Source code for Python 3.8.2 is available
 - <https://github.com/scythe-io/in-memory-cpython>
4. Artifacts available (password in the paper):
 - <https://github.com/farfella/woot2021>
 - <https://doi.org/10.5281/zenodo.4638251>

Thank you! Questions?

ateeq@scythe.io / <https://ateeq.dev>