

Revolutionary DoH: Effective DNS Service

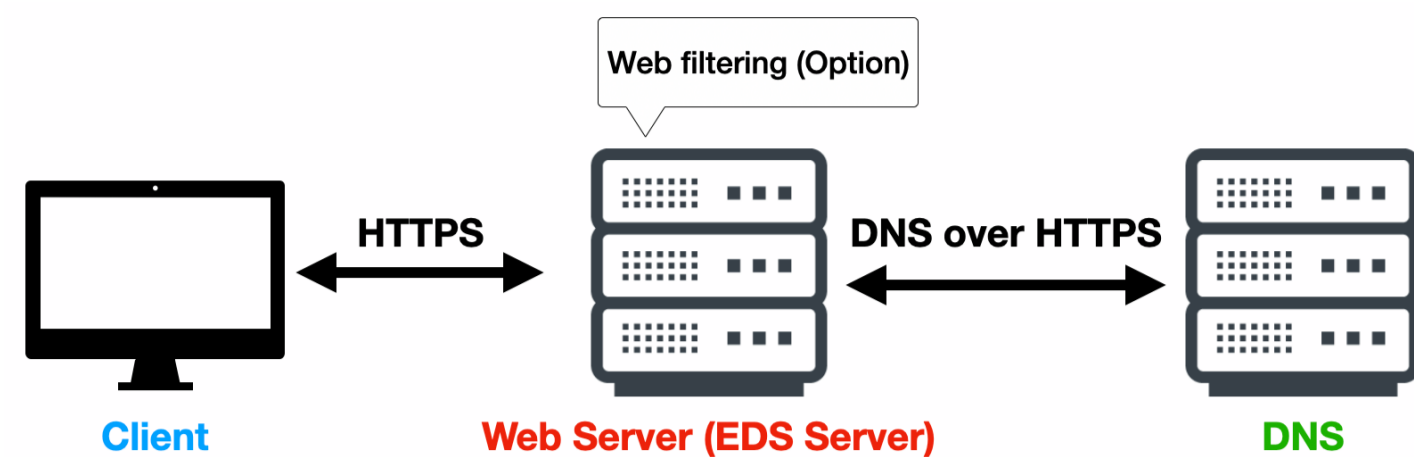


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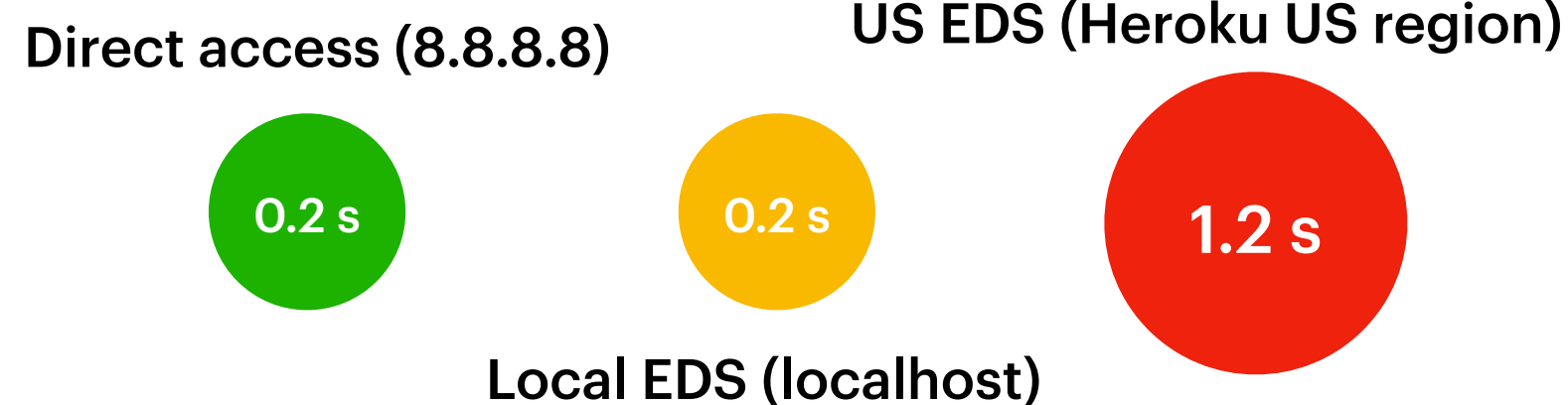
Abstract

DNS over HTTPS has a problem that makes difficult to identify which is name resolution request, so it is impossible to use web filtering, parental controls and so on. Furthermore, user-agent in HTTP header that is necessary for HTTPS communication would be a data to track users. In the field of implementation of DNS over HTTPS, there is a problem that requests to DNS are dominated by some companies. This time, I developed "Effective DNS Service (EDS)" that can solve these three problems: unable DNS encryptions, unable web filtering and unable to choose DNS server freely by setting a web server that mediates between client side and DNS server.

The structure of EDS



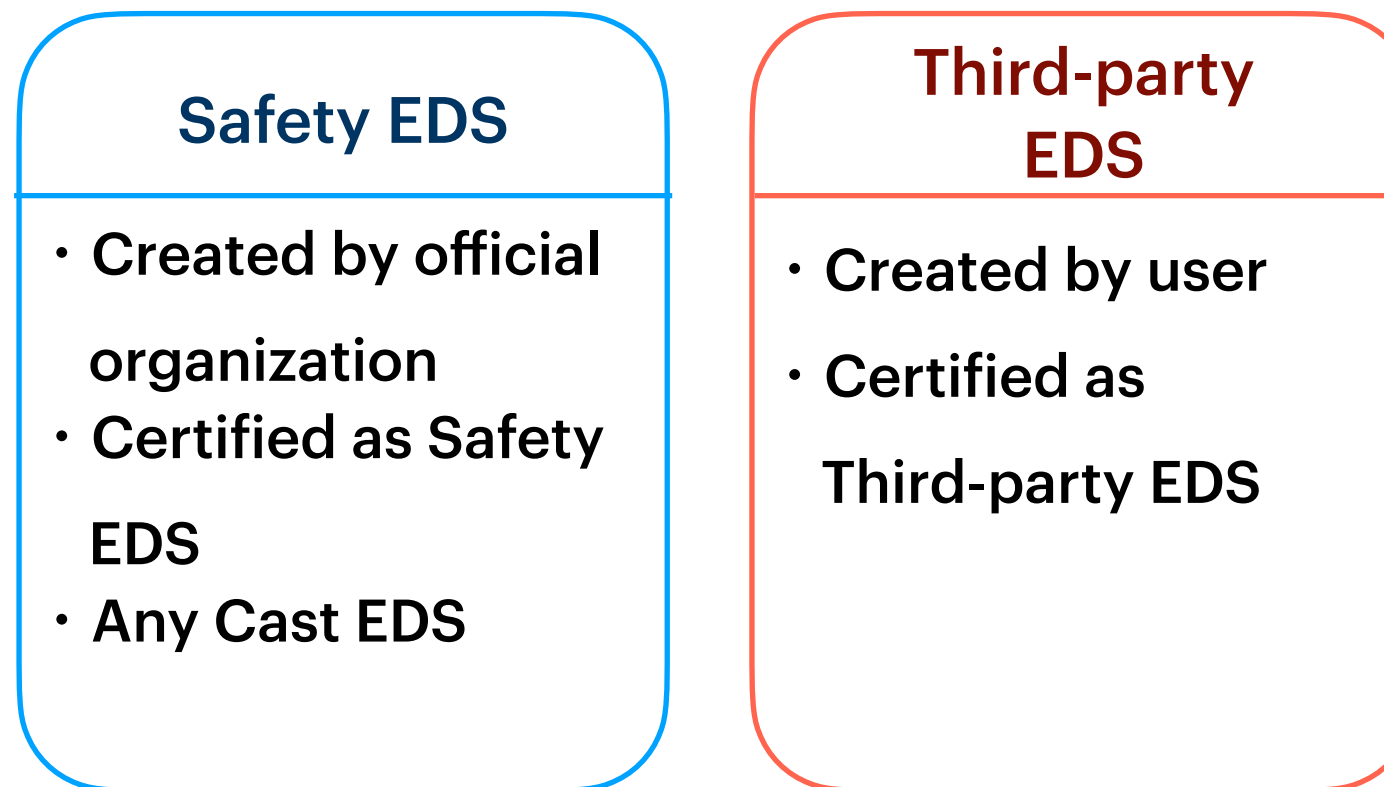
EDS speed



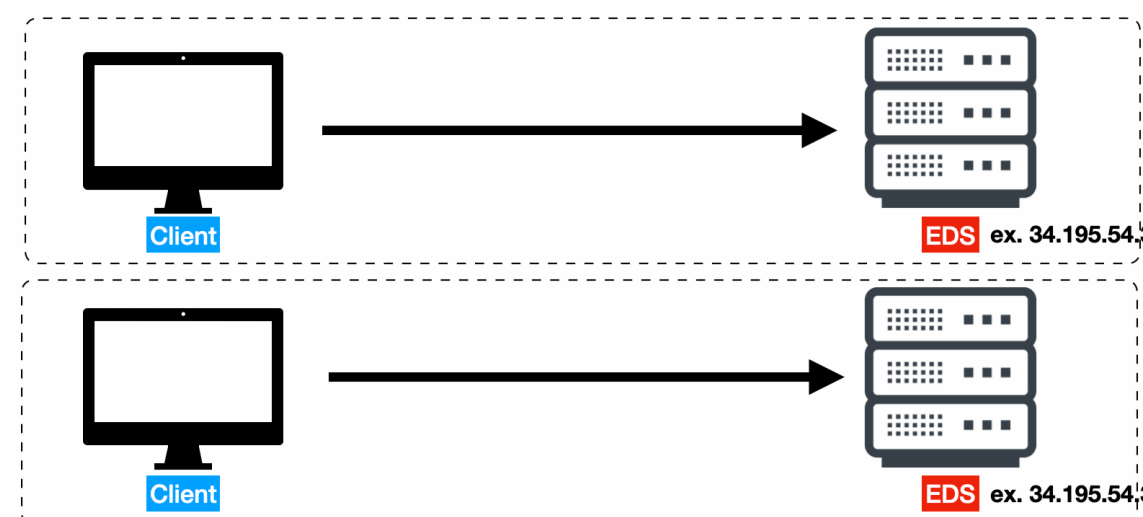
Response of EDS

```
[
  { record: 'CNAME', address: 'www.apple.com.edgekey.net' },
  { record: 'CNAME', address: 'www.apple.com.edgekey.net.globalredir.akadns.net' },
],
[
  { record: 'CNAME', address: 'e6858.dscx.akamaiedge.net' },
  { record: 'A', address: '23.41.22.84' }
]
```

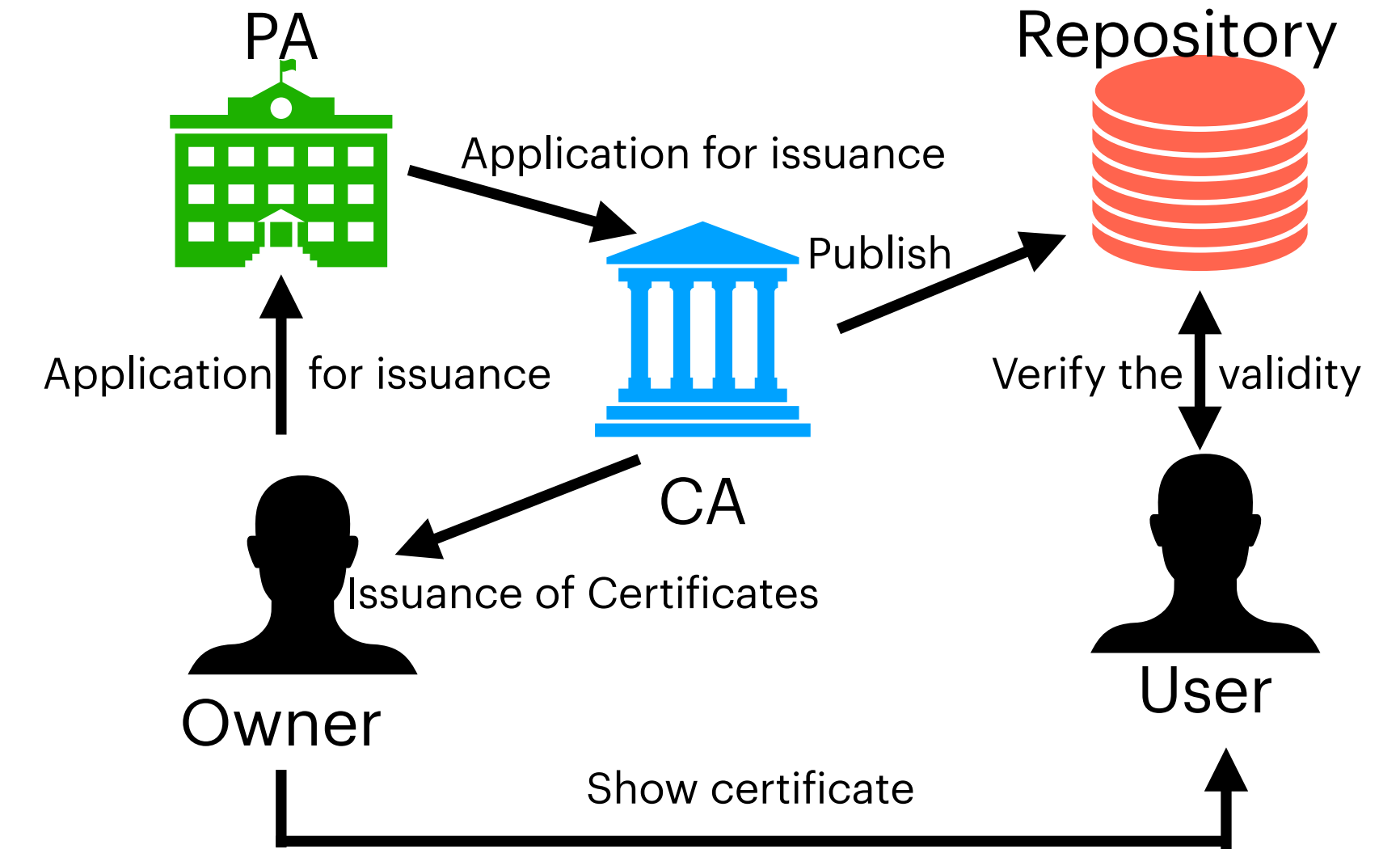
Safety EDS and Third-party EDS



Any Cast EDS system



EDS certificate system



References

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- (2) Xun Fan, John Heidemann, Ramesh Govindan. "Evaluating Anycast in the Domain Name System", <https://www.isi.edu/~johnh/PAPERS/Fan13a.pdf>
- (3) npm - @sagi.io/dns-over-https, <https://www.npmjs.com/package/@sagi.io/dns-over-https>
- (4) IETF - RFC 8484 DNS Queries over HTTPS (DoH), 2018, <https://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc8484>

Acknowledgments

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